

ARTICLE 2 OVERLAY DISTRICTS

CHAPTER 6

SEC 2.601 **GROUND WATER PROTECTION OVERLAY (GP):**

2.601.1 Purpose: The purpose of these regulations is to safeguard the public health, safety, and general welfare in the Warren County Zoning jurisdiction and to provide for the protection and availability of the existing and future potable groundwater supply in Warren County. Furthermore, it is intended that the protected public water supply, wells within designated sole source aquifer boundaries, and associated time-of-travel boundaries be protected from contamination, both by preventing increased risk and by reducing existing risk to the public water supply. These regulations set forth requirements, standards and criteria for the control of toxic or otherwise hazardous contaminants within the sole source aquifer, primarily through the control of Regulated Substances.

2.601.2 Applicability and Separability of These Regulations: The regulations set forth in this Section are the zoning regulations for the GP Groundwater Protection Overlay Area, which consists of Area 1 for Aquifer Protection and Area 2 for Wellhead Protection.

- (A) It shall be the responsibility of any person owning real property and/or owning or operating a business within the jurisdiction of this Zoning Code to make a determination of the applicability of these regulations in pertinence to their property and/or business. Failure to do so shall not excuse any violations of these regulations.
- (B) Nothing contained in these regulations shall be construed as to interfere with any existing or future unlawful requirements that may be, or heretofore were, imposed by any other public body authorized to enact sanitary, health, or water pollution abatement restrictions so long as such requirements are consistent with, or more stringent than, the stated purpose of these regulations.
- (C) These regulations shall apply to the underlying zoning district and in addition to other overlays. If these regulations impose a greater restriction than the underlying zoning district or other overlay regulations, these shall control.

2.601.3 Definitions: Definitions of some of the terms used in this Section are contained in Section 4.103 (Definitions) of this Zoning Code:

SEC 2.602 **ESTABLISHMENT OF BOUNDARIES:**

2.602.1 Establishment of GP Overlay Area 1 Boundary for Aquifer Protection: The GP Overlay Area 1 for aquifer protection is identified as the area within the Sole Source Aquifer of the Great Miami and Little Miami Buried Valley Aquifer System, defined as Buried Valley Hydrogeological Setting 7D, of the Ground Water Resources Map of Warren County, publication dated 1986. The boundary of GP Overlay Area 1 encompasses parcels of land that are all, or partly within, the Buried Valley Hydrogeological Setting.

2.602.2 Establishment of GP Overlay Area 2 Boundary for Wellhead Protection: The boundary of GP Overlay Area 2 for wellhead protection shall be established in accordance with the following:

- (A) The owner of any protected public water supply well or wellfield may through use of a qualified acceptable professional engineer or other likewise accredited consultant establish a series of Time-of-Travel boundaries (the time, typically stated at one [1] to five [5] years, it takes groundwater within such boundary area to travel through the ground to reach the wellhead).
- (B) Time-of-Travel boundaries are delineated for one (1) and five (5) year intervals surrounding the wellhead(s). The boundaries delineated assume maximum pumping capacity from each well. One (1) of the following methods shall be utilized in producing the Time-of-Travel boundaries: semi-analytical, analytical, or numerical flow/solute transport models, as defined by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. If a portion of a property is located within GP Overlay Area 2, the entire property shall be governed as applicable by these regulations.
- (C) Approval of a Time-of-Travel boundary as a GP Overlay Area 2 for wellhead protection shall be administered by the zoning amendment process provided in Section 1.304 (Amendments) of this Zoning Code. The owner or representative of the protected public water supply shall be acknowledged as the applicant.
- (D) Upon the Board of County Commissioners' approval, the five (5) year Time-of-Travel boundary shall be the GP Overlay Area 2 effective thirty (30) days after zoning map amendment approval to that regard.
- (E) A requirement of three hundred (300) foot set-back from public or community wellheads enforced by EPA standards. There shall be no land disturbing activities such as construction, soil disturbance, or fertilization of crops within EPA mandated three hundred (300) foot set-back.

SEC 2.603 BOUNDARY DISPUTE AND AMENDMENT:

2.603.1 Amendment of GP Overlay Area 1 Boundary for Aquifer Protection:

- (A) **Dispute of GP Area 1 Boundary:** When a property owner determines there is sufficient evidence to doubt the location of the Buried Valley Hydrogeological Setting 7D with relation to the boundaries of their tract(s) of land as a site, the site owner may submit an assessment of hydrogeological conditions relative to their site to the Warren County Zoning Inspector.
- (B) **Hydrogeological Site Assessment:** The hydrogeological site assessment shall be prepared by a recognized acceptable technically qualified consultant and include the following:
 - (1) Literature search for information from previous hydrogeologic investigations on and surrounding the site;
 - (2) Hydrogeologic investigations to characterize groundwater conditions at the site if required by the Zoning Inspector; and,
 - (3) Description of site hydrogeology including soils, groundwater/surface water

interactions, aquifer type (i.e. sand and gravel, bedrock), aquifer configuration, potential groundwater storage, hydraulic parameters, susceptibility to contamination, boundary conditions, groundwater flow rate and patterns, and an assessment of existing groundwater quality.

- (4) An assessment of existing groundwater production patterns and an evaluation of the site with reference to wellfield areas of contribution, drinking water protection, and recharge.
- (C) **Assessment Review and Determination:** Upon submittal of the hydrogeological site assessment to the Zoning Inspector, it shall be provided thereby to the Regional Planning Commission, which shall review the assessment, with input from the Zoning Inspector as provided by involved technical advisors, and make a final determination as to whether the site property in question should be determined as containing the Buried Valley Hydrogeological Setting characteristics making these regulations applicable to the site and use.
- (D) **Effect of Approved GP Overlay Area 1 Boundary Amendment:** The hydrogeological site assessment approved by the Regional Planning Commission shall take precedence in determining the amendment, if any, of the GP Overlay Area 1 boundary for aquifer protection. If approved, the change in the boundary will be processed as an amendment of the Zoning Map in accordance with Section 1.304 procedures and requirements.

2.603.2 Amendment of GP Overlay Area 2 Boundary for Wellhead Protection:

- (A) **Dispute of GP Overlay Area 2 Boundary:** If a property owner determines there is sufficient evidence to doubt the location of the Time-of-Travel boundary around a wellhead in relation to their property, the property owner may request that the boundary be altered.
- (B) **Application to Alter GP Overlay Area 2 Boundary:** An application to amend the GP Overlay Area 2 boundary to exclude a property from inclusion in it shall include the following:
 - (1) Identification of the proximity of the five (5) year Time-of-Travel boundary in relation to the tract of land;
 - (2) Current land uses and existing zoning on the tract of land;
 - (3) Review of and Time-of-Travel boundary computations as outlined in Section 2.602.1 and 2 (Establishment of GP Overlay Area 2 Boundary for Wellhead Protection) and of adjacent hydrogeological site assessments as outlined in Section 2.603.1(B) (Hydrogeological Site Assessment); and
 - (4) Evidence of how the removal of a tract(s) of land shall not adversely affect the protection integrity of the GP Overlay Area 2.
- (C) **Assessment Review and Determination:** The application for amendment of the GP Overlay Area 2 boundary shall be submitted to the Zoning Inspector. The Regional Planning Commission shall review the assessment, with input from the Zoning Inspector as provided by involved technical advisors and the adjacent protected water

supply owner or representative, and make a determination as to whether the tract of land in question should be excluded from, or remain included in, the GP Overlay Area 2 for wellhead protection.

- (D) **Effect of Approved GP Overlay Area 2 Boundary Amendment:** Exclusion of property from the GP Overlay Area 2 does not necessarily also exclude the property from requirements of these regulations applicable to its location within GP Overlay Area 1 for aquifer protection. If approved, the change in the boundary will be processed as an amendment of the Zoning Map in accordance with Section 1.304 procedures and requirements.
- (E) **Time-of-Travel Boundaries For Wellheads Outside Zoning Jurisdiction:** In the event Time-of-Travel boundaries calculated around any public water supply wellhead(s) that are located outside the jurisdiction of this Zoning Code, utilizing Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Time-of-Travel Transport Models and resulting in creation of one (1) and five (5) year Time-of-Travel boundaries which extend into the jurisdiction of this Zoning Code, upon completion of the procedures for establishing such per Section 2.602.2 (Establishment of GP Overlay Area 2 for Wellhead Protection) as a map amendment of this Zoning Code, the regulations herein applicable for the GP Overlay Area 2 will be enforced.

SEC 2.604 PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED USES:

2.604.1 Permitted Uses: All land uses permitted or conditionally permitted in the underlying zoning district shall also be permitted and conditionally permitted, respectively, within the GP Overlay Area, in accordance with the following:

- (A) The permitted and conditional permitted uses must meet the use standards of this Zoning Code;
- (B) The permitted and conditionally permitted uses must meet the applicable requirements of the regulations in this Section; and,
- (C) A lagoon for managing animal waste shall be permitted only if approved by the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District, and/or the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, as applicable.

2.604.2 Prohibited Uses: Land uses prohibited in the underlying zoning district shall also be prohibited within the GP Overlay Area. Prohibited land uses also include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

- (A) Landfills comprised of construction/demolition debris, fly ash, foundry sand, or other non-approved matter, junkyards, dry wells, and newly sited sanitary landfills;
- (B) Septage spraying and sludge spreading, without prior approval from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency and monitoring by the Warren County Combined Health District; and,
- (C) Any use deemed unacceptable as to actual or potential threat of contaminating groundwater.

SEC 2.605 REGULATED SUBSTANCES:

- (A) Regulated Substances are chemicals or mixtures of chemicals that are health hazards. Materials packaged for personal or household use as food or drink for man or other animals shall not be considered “Regulated Substances” for the purposes of these regulations. Regulated Substances include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Chemicals which are regulated by the Safe Drinking Water Act (P.L. 95-523, as amended P.L. 96-502, 42 U.S.C. 300(f) et seq. (SDWA), Toxic Substance Control Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq. (TSCA), Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq. (RCRA), Occupational Safety and Health Act, 29 U.S.C. 651 et seq. (OSHA), Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), or other state and/or federal environmental laws and regulations, or for which there is scientific evidence that acute or chronic health effects may result from exposure, including carcinogens, toxic and highly toxic agents, reproductive toxins, irritants, corrosives, sensitizers, hepatotoxins, thehematopoietic system, and agents which damage the lungs, skin, eyes or mucous membranes.
 - (2) Mixtures of chemicals which have been tested as a whole and determined a health hazard.
 - (3) Mixtures of chemicals which have not been tested as a whole, but which contain any chemical which has been determined to be a health hazard and which comprises one percent (1%) or greater of the composition on a weight per unit weight basis, and mixtures of chemicals which include a carcinogen if the concentration of the carcinogen in the mixture is one-tenth (0.1) of one percent (1%) or greater of the composition on a weight per unit weight basis.
 - (4) Ingredients of mixtures prepared within GP Overlay Area 1 in cases where such ingredients are health hazards, but comprise less than one-tenth (0.1) of one percent (1%) of the mixture (on a weight per unit weight basis), if carcinogenic; or if less than one percent (1%) of the mixture (on a weight per unit weight basis), if non-carcinogenic.
 - (5) Petroleum and non-solid petroleum derivatives (except non-PCB dielectric fluids).

2.605.1 **Review:** Determination of whether a material is a Regulated Substance can be made upon review of a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). This should be available from the manufacturer, vendor, or distributor of the product. The most recent United States Environmental Protection Agency, Title III Lists of Lists, is a reference to potential Regulated Substances and is not a comprehensive listing.

2.605.2 **Determination and verification:** Regulated Substances shall be administered by the Zoning Inspector, with input as needed from a technically qualified consultant or authority to that regard.

SEC 2.606 **DEVELOPMENT WITH SENSITIVE GROUNDWATER AREAS:** For the purpose of this section, Sensitive Groundwater Areas are outlined on the Groundwater Protection Overlay Map, Section 2.601.

- 2.606.1 Development Standards:** A development project must include nonstructural and/or structural stormwater management measures that minimize the loss of groundwater recharge at the project site. Development projects shall comply with one of the following:
- (A) **Requirement 1:** For Residential Development, 80% of the pre-development infiltration volume should be maintained.
 - (B) **Requirement 2:** For Non-Residential Development, 70% of the pre-development infiltration volume should be maintained.
 - (C) In addition, steps should be taken to, minimize impervious surfaces; prevent mass grading; utilize conservation design techniques such as clustering, narrower street widths, reduced parking lot sizing, and pervious pavement; use best management practices, setbacks, and pretreatment to protect groundwater quality.
- 2.606.2 Density:** The density calculation for that portion of a development site within a Sensitive Groundwater Area shall be calculated at one unit per five (5) acres and the Impervious Surface Ratio shall not exceed 0.50.
- 2.606.3 Application Requirements:** In addition to the application requirements specified in Section 1.303 (Application for Site Plan Review) of this Zoning Code, the following additional information shall also be provided for use of a site located within the GP Overlay Area:
- 2.606.4 Additional Site Plan Contents:**
- (A) The location(s) where Regulated Substances will be handled and stored, and/or contained, in the event of a spill or leak.
 - (B) The location or type of security systems to be installed.
 - (C) Detailed plans of all accidental spill or discharge containment measures.
- 2.606.5 Description of Regulated Substances Operations:**
- (A) Description of operations, activities, and processes to be conducted at the site, emphasizing those involving Regulated Substances.
 - (B) A list of Regulated Substances and expected quantities.
- 2.606.6 Regulated Substances Management Plan:** Methods to achieve compliance with Section 2.607.2 (Use, Handling, and Storage of Regulated Substances).
- 2.606.7 Site Groundwater Monitoring Plan:** Location of both baseline and continuing monitoring wells, specifications for such wells, and schedules for reporting monitoring results as specified in Section 2.607.5 (Groundwater Monitoring Requirements).
- 2.606.8 Emergency Response Plan:** Procedures and responsibility, inclusive of required reporting provisions to appropriate officials, in the event of any accidental or otherwise unauthorized release of any Regulated Substance at the site. This may be provided at any time prior to the zoning permit being issued in allowance of the proposed use receiving site plan approval.

SEC 2.607 **DEVELOPMENT, PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR USE OPERATIONS IN GP AREAS 1 AND 2:** The below listed standards apply to developing and operating uses in GP Overlay Areas 1 and 2:

2.607.1 **Spills, Leaks, or Discharges:**

- (A) Any entity or person with direct knowledge of a spill, leak, or discharge of a Regulated Substance within the GP Overlay Area shall, if such spill, leak or discharge escapes containment, contacts a non-impervious ground surface and is not immediately and completely remediated, give notice to the local fire district, local Emergency Planning Committee, and Ohio Environmental Protection Agency within thirty (30) minutes of knowledge of the discharge. Additionally, the entity or person shall provide the local fire district (at minimum) the location of the incident, name and telephone number, date and time thereof, type of substance(s), concentration and volume, and control or corrective action taken. Such notification shall in no way alleviate any other local, state, and federal reporting obligation required by law.
- (B) Any entity or person which spills, leaks, or discharges said substance(s) shall be liable for any reasonable expense, loss, or damages incurred by the County and/or public water system operation in response to such an incident, in addition to the amount of any fines imposed thereof under Ohio and Federal law. Said entity or person responsible for such shall document and maintain sufficient records so as to reflect accurately the circumstances related to any such incident and develop and implement procedures to substantially eliminate the likelihood of reoccurrence of such spills, leaks, or discharges as soon as practicable following the incident, but no later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the incident.
- (C) The application of agricultural chemicals, fertilizers, mineral acids, organic sulfur compounds, etc., used in routine agricultural operations, including plant nutrients and crop protection materials, applied under Best Management Practices as indicated by soil tests, the Ohio State University Extension, the Soil and Water Conservation District, and label directions approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the Ohio Department of Agriculture, shall not be considered a spill, leak, or discharge subject to the reporting provisions of this section.

2.607.2 **Use, Handling, and Storage of Regulated Substances:** The use, handling, and storage of all Regulated Substances shall be in accordance with the following standards:

- (A) All underground storage facilities used for Regulated Substances shall be designed and constructed with secondary containment systems that are capable of holding, at a minimum, one hundred ten percent (110%) of the primary container volume.
- (B) All underground storage facilities shall have a monitoring system approved by the Zoning Inspector and the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.
- (C) Transfer and/or above ground storage facilities for Regulated Substances shall be equipped with impervious containment and dikes enclosing the entire transfer and/or storage area of the facility. The volume of the diked area shall be capable of holding, at a minimum, at least one hundred ten percent (110%) of the capacity of the largest tank contained therein. Dikes around above-ground transfer and/or storage facilities and the

entire area enclosed by the dikes, shall be made impervious to the types of substances expected to be stored in the tanks. Drainage or precipitation from within the dike area shall be controlled in a manner that will prevent any Regulated Substance from entering the ground, groundwater, or surface waters.

- (D) All transfer and/or storage facilities shall have shut-off valves for piping, other conduits, and containers used for Regulated Substances designed in accordance with accepted engineering standards as specified by the Zoning Inspector.
- (E) The material used in the construction or lining of storage tanks shall be compatible with the substance to be stored. Storage tanks shall be protected against corrosion and designed in a manner approved by the Zoning Inspector to prevent the release or threatened release of any stored Regulated Substance.
- (F) Incompatible materials shall be located in separated areas within all transfer and storage areas on a site.
- (G) The placement of any Regulated Substance in direct contact with the surface of the ground shall be prohibited except as otherwise provided for in Section 2.607.1 (Spills, Leaks, or Discharges). In lieu of placing Regulated Substances in direct contact with the surface of the ground, such substances should be underlain with dike containment pads or platforms constructed of impervious materials.
- (H) Any storage of drums, tanks, or other vessels susceptible to weather-related damage which contain, or have contained, Regulated Substances shall be protected against damage from heat, cold, rust, and other weather-related conditions.
- (I) All transfer and/or storage areas of a facility where Regulated Substances are used, stored, or handled shall be adequately secured from access by unauthorized persons.
- (J) The discharge or disposal of any Regulated Substance into any storm or sanitary sewer, except in accordance with a valid discharge permit, is prohibited.
- (K) Pipelines which contain Regulated Substances shall be built or modified to meet secondary containment and monitoring requirements outlined within these regulations.

2.607.3 Other Groundwater Protection Standards:

- (A) Stormwater retention basins shall be equipped with impermeable liners, when determined necessary by the Zoning Inspector or designee, to prevent excessive infiltration into underlying aquifers.
- (B) Residential developments not connected to a central sanitary sewer shall comply with Warren County Combined Health District regulations.
- (C) All residential wastewater disposal systems within the GP Overlay Area 1 shall be required to be inspected according to the Warren County Combined Health Regulations per its specifications. This requirement shall be implemented within one (1) year of the initial effective date of these regulations.
- (D) All wastewater disposal systems serving non-residential uses and residential uses of four (4) dwelling units or greater, within the GP Overlay Area 1 shall, contingent upon

agreement with the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA), be required to be inspected annually by the Warren County Combined Health District per its specifications. This requirement shall be fully implemented within one (1) year of the effective date of the agreement with OEPA.

- (E) Abandonment of wells shall be in accordance with requirements of Ohio's Private Water System Rules, Ohio Administrative Code Section 3701-28.
- (F) Bulk storage facilities for road salt shall be equipped with containment dike pads or platforms and covers constructed of impervious materials.
- (G) Storage of agricultural chemicals shall be in standard approved packaging, and application of such chemicals to real property shall be in accordance with Best Management Practices, such as those recommended by the Ohio State University Extension or the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District and applied by the United States EPA label directions.
- (H) Mineral extraction activities within the GP Overlay Area 1 shall be regulated according to all applicable Ohio Department of Natural Resources requirements and zoning requirements of the M E Mineral Extraction District and the GP Overlay Area 1. In cases of differing requirements, the more restrictive regulation shall apply, unless otherwise determined by law.
- (I) Livestock operations shall have animal waste management plans approved by the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District in accordance with the requirements of the Ohio Administrative Code Section 1501:15-5.

2.607.4 Non-Operating Facilities: No person or entity shall abandon, close, or temporarily cease operating facilities involving Regulated Substances without complying with the following regulations:

- (A) Any non-residential use of property that becomes unoccupied or has discontinued operation for a period of sixty (60) days or more shall remove all Regulated Substances from the site within ninety (90) days from the date of discontinued use.
- (B) An underground storage facility which is temporarily taken out of service for a period of six (6) months to one (1) year, but which the operator intends to return to use, shall be subject to the requirements of the State Fire Code dealing with the abandonment of tanks.
- (C) Underground storage facilities abandoned for a period exceeding three hundred sixty-five (365) days must be removed in accordance with the requirements of the State Fire Code.

2.607.5 Groundwater Monitoring Requirements: The following monitoring provisions may apply to new operations, modification of any existing operations, and/or any change of occupancy of all non-residential uses requiring a building permit, zoning permit, and/or a site plan approval within the GP Overlay Area that store or handle Regulated Substances.

- (A) **Exemptions from Requirements:** Application of agricultural chemicals, etc., as

outlined in Section 2.607.1 (Spills, Leaks, or Discharges), and the existing storage facilities for such applications on land used for agricultural purposes as defined in this Zoning Code, shall be exempted from groundwater monitoring requirements. However, newly constructed storage facilities for such purposes, erected after the initial effective date (April 22, 1993) of these regulations, may require groundwater monitoring, if applicable, as required below per (2).

(B) **Consideration for Applicability:** The following criteria shall be utilized in determining the necessity of a monitoring system. If it is determined by the Zoning Inspector that groundwater monitoring is necessary, the below listed requirements per (3) and (4) shall apply:

- (1) The nature of the proposed operation.
- (2) The amount and potential risk of the Regulated Substances to be utilized.
- (3) The existence and location of current monitoring systems.
- (4) The characteristics of the aquifer in the vicinity of the site.
- (5) The proximity to a protected public water supply.

(C) **Baseline Monitoring:** Baseline groundwater monitoring shall be required at the proposed site of a new operation for a period of not less than three (3) months prior to the date of commencing the zoning permitted use. Wells for such monitoring shall be of sufficient number, design, and location as specified by the Warren County Combined Health District (WCCHD) to determine prevailing hydrogeologic conditions and baseline groundwater quality. Parameters for baseline monitoring shall be determined by the WCCHD and OEPA as applicable. The property owner shall provide data indicating the depth to normal ground water table and the direction of groundwater movement as certified by a hydrogeological firm. Baseline monitoring wells shall be sampled at least twice by the WCCHD with results forwarded to the Zoning Inspector.

(D) **Continuing Monitoring:** Following baseline monitoring, a program of continuing monitoring shall be required at the proposed site. Wells installed for baseline monitoring shall be used for the continuing monitoring program, along with supplemental monitoring wells installed as directed by the WCCHD based on review of the baseline monitoring results. Continuing monitoring wells shall be sampled at least quarterly as specified by the WCCHD. Parameters for continuing monitoring shall be determined by the WCCHD, with consultation by qualified water quality professionals as necessary.

- (1) Supplemental monitoring wells shall be installed at selected locations in the site, down-gradient of Regulated Substances sources, such as storage tanks, loading areas, etc.
- (2) Monitoring reports shall be submitted at least quarterly and provided to the Zoning Inspector.
- (3) When a monitoring report indicates the presence of Regulated Substances not present in baseline monitoring results, or increases in the level(s) of such substance(s), the Zoning Inspector shall, with assistance from the WCCHD,

report said findings to the OEPA and/or consult with owners/officials of the facility operation in question to determine the origin of the substance(s) and develop plans for addressing the situation.

- (E) **Other Monitoring Requirements:** Groundwater monitoring requirements of other Federal, State and local agencies in effect at the time of application of the provisions of the Warren County Rural Zoning Code shall also apply in the GP Overlay Areas 1 and 2, as appropriate. Where the requirements of such other regulations differ from those of this Zoning Code, the more restrictive regulations shall apply, unless otherwise restricted by law.

SEC 2.608 **DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR USE OPERATIONS IN GP OVERLAY:** The below listed standards shall apply to developing and operating uses in GP Overlay Area 2, in addition to the requirements also specified applicable in preceding Section 2.607:

2.608.1 **Regulated Substances Maximum Quantities:** Use (storage, handling, and/or production) of Regulated Substances in conjunction with permitted uses in GP Overlay Area 2 shall be limited to:

- (A) At any given time, a permitted zoning use may not exceed the Reportable Quantity for each Regulated Substance used, stored, handled, and/or produced at a given site, as established by 40 Code of Federal Regulations 302, et. seq.
- (B) All unlisted Regulated Substances shall be limited to one hundred (100) pounds or twelve point five (12.5) gallons at any time.
- (C) The total use, storage, handling, and/or production of Regulated Substances may not exceed twelve (12) times the Reportable Quantity for each Regulated Substance as established by 40 C.F.R. 302, et. seq., or for unlisted Regulated Substances, one thousand two hundred (1,200) pounds or one hundred fifty (150) gallons, in any twelve (12) month period.

2.608.2 **Limited Exclusions:** Limited exclusions from above listed provisions in Section 2.608.1 are authorized for:

- (A) **Cleaning Agents:** Cleaning agents shall be packaged for personal or household use or be present in the same form and concentration as products packaged for use by the general public. In no case shall cleaning agents claimed under this exclusion include hydrocarbon or halogenated solvents.
- (B) **Construction Materials:** Regulated Substances associated with construction for which a zoning certificate has been issued, paving or the pouring of concrete shall be excluded from regulation while present on the construction site provided such Regulated Substances do not pose a real and present danger of contaminating surface and/or groundwater as determined by the Warren County Combined Health District.
- (C) **Office Supplies:** Office supplies that are used solely for the operation of on-site administrative offices provided such supplies are repackaged in a form ready

for use.

- (D) **Agricultural Chemicals:** A limited exclusion is authorized for on-site storage of a maximum one (1) year supply of agricultural chemicals to be used for routine on-site agricultural operations, provided such substances are stored in standard approved packaging, under specifications recommended by the manufacturer, and such chemicals are applied to real property under Best Management Practices as indicated by soil tests, the Ohio State University Extension, the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District, and label directions approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Ohio Department of Agriculture. This limited exclusion also applies to the application of agricultural chemicals to real property where such chemicals are brought in from other locations. This provision does not exempt such agricultural chemicals either stored on-site or brought in from other locations from the inventory, spill reporting, and underground/above ground storage tank protection requirements of GP Overlay Area 1 for aquifer protection and Area 2 for wellhead protection.

2.608.3 Underground Storage Facilities: Five (5) years from the effective date of zoning establishing a Time-of-Travel boundary, only storage of vehicle fuel and vehicle lubricants and fuel for building and/or process heating may occur in underground storage tank systems in GP Overlay Area 2. At that time, fuels for non-residential building and/or process heating and vehicle fuel and lubricants shall be secondarily contained and monitored in accordance with plans submitted to, and approved by, the Zoning Inspector and in conformance with rules and regulations of the Ohio Administrative Code Section 1301:7-9. Underground storage tanks then present containing fuel for residential building and/or process heating shall be exempt from zoning restriction, but future usage in new residential construction shall be highly discouraged, and removal per federal and state law may be required.

2.608.4 Existing Businesses/Non-conforming Maximum Quantities: Existing businesses located in GP Overlay Area 2 with legal nonconforming maximum quantities shall conform to the following requirements:

- (A) Upon compliance with Regulated Substances reporting requirements listed below in (E), owners or occupants of any land within GP Overlay Area 2, utilizing Regulated Substances at the effective date of any Time-of-Travel boundary, shall be "grandfathered" with maximum quantities restricted to existing levels determined by peak business cycles. "Grandfathered" maximum quantities shall run with the land and be administered as a legal non-conforming use in accordance with Section 1.308 (Non-conformities) of this Zoning Code.
- (B) Existing businesses having legal nonconforming maximum quantities of Regulated Substances within GP Overlay Area 2, as provided above in (D)(1), may make application to the Board of Zoning Appeals per Section 1.306 in request of conditional use to approve modifications in operation, changes in specific Regulated Substances, used or stored, and/or increase the maximum quantities of Regulated Substances maintained on site in response to changes in the market and/or need to increase production, provided that the following requirements are met:

- (1) All other methods to respond to changes in the market or increase production

without exceeding the maximum quantities of reported Regulated Substances have been exhausted; and,

(2) The business can demonstrate that there shall be no greater hazard and/or threat of hazard to the aquifer and/or groundwater as a result of increasing the amount of Regulated Substances.

(C) The Board of Zoning Appeals may approve increases to the maximum quantities of Regulated Substances only after review of the application by the Zoning Inspector, with input from technical experts, the Warren County Combined Health District and Regional Planning Commission.

2.608.5 Reporting Requirements of Regulated Substances:

(A) Any owner or occupant of a site used primarily for non-residential uses other than agriculture in GP Overlay Area 2 shall file an initial Regulated Substance Inventory Report with the Zoning Inspector. Said report shall be filed within one hundred eighty (180) days of the initial effective date (April 22, 1993) of these regulations and/or the subsequent effective date of the GP Overlay Area 2 established by the Board of County Commissioners and at a maximum of twenty-four (24) month intervals thereafter.

(B) Except as provided below per (3), any new owner or occupant of any land in GP Overlay Area 2 shall file a Regulated Substance Inventory Report prior to commencing a zoning permitted use and at twenty-four (24) month intervals following the date of continuing the use operation thereafter.

2.608.6 Exclusions beyond Initial Inventory Reporting:

(A) Any exclusions set forth in this subsection shall apply provided that any spill, leak, discharge, or mishandling shall be subject to the regulations of Section 2.607.1 (Spills, Leaks, or Discharges). Any exclusions granted herein shall not remove or limit the liability involved.

(B) An exclusion from Regulated Substance Inventory Reporting is hereby authorized for the transportation of Regulated Substances through the GP Overlay Area 2 provided that the transporting vehicle is in compliance with applicable Federal and Ohio laws and regulations and provided that the Regulated Substance is fueling the transporting vehicle or the transporting vehicle is in continuous transit, making delivery, or is stopped for a period of time not to exceed seventy-two (72) hours.

(C) A limited exclusion from Regulated Substances Inventory Reporting is hereby authorized for Regulated Substances that are contained within tanks that are designed as an integral part of the motor vehicle and used specifically and solely for the operation of the motor vehicle. Except as provided for in (3)(b) above, in no case shall the tanker portion of a tractor-trailer truck be included in this exclusion.

(D) Entities engaged in agricultural activities that are required to file any SARA Title III, Community Right to Know Reports, shall also file copies of those reports with the Zoning Inspector. Said entities shall also maintain records of

applications and purchases of agricultural chemicals per state and federal regulations. Such records shall be made available as specified in Section 2.609.3 (Inspections).

SEC 2.609 ENFORCEMENT:

2.609.1 Application: If any activity or use of a Regulated Substance is deemed by the Zoning Inspector to be in violation of these regulations and pose a real and present danger of contaminating surface and/or groundwater which would normally enter the public water supply, in accordance with Section 303.24 of the Ohio Revised Code, or other applicable State laws and (Violations, Penalties and Remedies) Section 1.309 of this Zoning Code, the Zoning Inspector is authorized to:

- (A) Cause cessation of said activity or use of the Regulated Substance;
- (B) Require the provisions of administrative controls and/or facilities sufficient to mitigate said danger; and/or,
- (C) Cause the provision of pollution control and/or abatement activities.

2.609.2 Consideration: When considering the exercise of any of the above authorities or actions, the Zoning Inspector shall utilize the services of a technically qualified person in making such determination and shall notify and consult with the owner or designated representative of the potentially affected and/or affected public water supply to determine what measures need to be taken to ensure the public water supply is reasonably and adequately protected from contamination for the present and the future. The Zoning Inspector may take into consideration any evidence represented by the entity regarding cost effectiveness and the economic effectiveness and the economic impact imposed by the requirements or actions.

2.609.3 Inspections: Subject to applicable provisions of law, the Zoning Inspector or so authorized designee bearing proper identification, shall be permitted to enter onto a private property at any reasonable time, with reasonable cause or with prior notification, for such purposes as inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, and records examination pertaining to the requirements of these regulations, to insure that use operation facilities and activities are in accordance with these regulations. Upon request of the person or entity that is the owner and/or operator of the site which is the subject of the inspection, and if permitted by the State Public Records law, information obtained as a result of the inspecting of the site shall be maintained as confidential. If the site owner or tenant operator of the site requiring inspection does not consent to the entry of the site by the Zoning Inspector or duly designated representative for the above stated purposes of the inspection, the Zoning Inspector may apply to the court of jurisdiction to issue an appropriate warrant ordering allowance of the Zoning Inspector or other appropriate authority to enter the property for said purposes of inspection.

SEC 2.610 STREAM PROTECTION OVERLAY:

2.610.1 Purpose: It is hereby determined that the network of streams within Warren County contributes to the health, safety and general welfare of the residents of Warren County. The purpose of these regulations is to protect residents of Warren County from potential property loss and damage that can be caused by flooding, erosion, sedimentation, and other impacts of streams by providing reasonable controls of structures and land uses in the setback area specified for certain streams to ensure adequate setback from where the stream is calculated to most probably meander over time. Doing so also has the added benefit of aiding to protect and preserve the water quality within streams of Warren County, by serving to:

- (A) Reduce damage to property and structures due to flooding by ensuring there is unobstructed area along the streams to provide for unimpeded base flow as well as to absorb and accommodate the velocity of peak flows.
- (B) Reduce the negative impacts of streams on properties and structures by safeguarding the natural stabilization characteristics along streams so as to minimize stream banks erosion and the downstream transport of sediments eroded from stream banks.
- (C) Protect the health of persons who come into contact with surface waters by reducing pollutants in streams during periods of high flows by filtering, settling, and removing pollutants in stream-side areas before runoff flows into streams.
- (D) Minimize damage to property and structures as a result of stream erosion by providing the area necessary for natural meandering and lateral movement of stream channels.
- (E) Protect the health of persons who come into contact with surface waters by reducing aquatic nuisance species and maintaining diverse, connected stream-side vegetation which serves to maintain high water quality.
- (F) Provide high-quality stream habitats with shade and food in support of the wide array of wildlife dependent on maintaining diverse and connected stream-side vegetation.
- (G) Minimize encroachment of stream channels and, by so doing, reduce the need for costly solutions to encroachment impacts, such as dams and riprap; protect structures, reduce property damage and threats to the health and safety of watershed residents, users and occupants; and by also maintaining the natural environment, scenic beauty, and rural character of Warren County, the quality of life of Warren County residents, and corresponding property values.

2.610.2 Applicability: These guidelines are voluntarily applicable to the following:

- (A) Subdivision lot, preliminary plan, building or zoning permit approvals, where determined applicable.
- (B) These guidelines apply to all non-agricultural buildings, structures, uses, and related soil disturbing activities on a lot containing a stream as defined in this Code for regulation by this Section, unless otherwise exempted or determined inapplicable in accordance with this Section.

- (C) These guidelines apply to the underlying zoning district and in addition to the other protection overlays where a stream setback area, applicable per this Section, is proposed to be impacted. If these regulations impose a greater restriction than the zone or other overlay regulations, these should control, except for development permitted acceptable per the Warren County Flood Damage Reduction Regulations in consultation with the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD).

2.610.3 Exemptions: Exemptions from the applicability of the recommended guidelines in this Section are as follows:

- (A) All or part of an undeveloped lot of record considered buildable in accordance with zoning requirements prior to the date when these regulations became effective January 20, 2012 which now would otherwise be unbuildable by being located within the stream setback area shall remain buildable, provided all other requirements of the Zoning Code are met.
- (B) Expansion of existing or new buildings or structures proposed on a lot of record in existence on or before the effective date January 20, 2012 of these regulations, where there is no way all or part of such building or structure can be located, other than within the stream setback area, shall not be subject to the recommended guidelines of this Section for permitting.
- (C) Structures and Uses: No building or other structure should be permitted within the stream setback area on a lot created on or after the effective date January 20, 2012 of these regulations, except as follows:
 - (1) Accessory decks and accessing stair steps proposed to extend over and into a stream setback area via support on poles or any other accessory pole structure that are to be located in the stream setback area, provided the natural vegetation of the stream setback area under such deck(s) and stairs will continue to remain and the support poles are not within a regulatory floodway.
 - (2) Any building, structure, parking area, or use activity permitted by the zone in which located that is found acceptable by the Warren County SWCD as to area and/or extent of encroachment into the stream setback area on a lot that is not floodway.
 - (3) Any building or other structure otherwise permitted by this Zoning Code in the stream setback area on the lot which becomes accidentally damaged or destroyed by fifty (50) percent or less of the replacement cost which is repaired and restored in two (2) or less years after such event.
- (D) Exempt from these regulations are: grassy swales, roadside ditches, drainage ditches for property subdivision approval, tile drainage systems, stream culverts, and State permitted surface mining.

2.610.4 Definitions: Definitions of some of the terms used in this Section are contained in Section 4.103 (Definitions) of this Zoning Code:

2.610.5 Establishment of Stream Setback: Stream setbacks are established as provided in this Section.

- (A) Streams for which a setback is recommended per this Section are those which meet the definition of “stream” in Section 4.103 (Definitions) and as identified on the Warren County Stream Protection Overlay Map.
- (B) Widths of setbacks are established by map measurement, a horizontal distance outward to each side from the centerline of each stream for which established, per the following criteria for establishment (a map containing the drainage area size information that was used to determine the streams for which the setback has been established is available from the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District):
 - (1) Three hundred (300) feet on each side of all streams draining an area equal to, or greater than, three hundred (300) square miles.
 - (2) One hundred (100) feet on each side of all streams draining an area equal to, or greater than, twenty (20) square miles and up to three hundred (300) square miles.
 - (3) Seventy five (75) feet on each side of all streams draining an area greater than one half square mile (three hundred twenty/320 acres) and up to twenty (20) square miles.
 - (4) Fifty (50) feet on each side of all streams draining an area less than one half square mile (three hundred twenty/320 acres).
- (C) The following apply to stream setbacks:
 - (1) For streams with drainage areas less than twenty (20) square miles, where the 100-year floodway is wider than the minimum setback specified for the stream, the stream setback should be extended to include the outer edge of the 100-year floodway. The one hundred (100) year floodway is as defined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).
 - (2) For streams with drainage areas larger than twenty (20) square miles, the stream setback shall apply, but any building in the non-floodway portion of the one hundred (100) year floodplain that is beyond the stream setback should be done such that there is no net loss of storage in the one hundred (100) year floodplain. The one hundred (100) year floodplain is as defined by the FEMA.
 - (3) Where wetlands protected under federal or state law are identified partly on or within the stream setback area, the stream setback line should be extended to include the full extent of the wetland, plus the following additional setback from it:
 - (a) A fifty (50) foot setback extending beyond the outermost boundary of a Category 3 Wetland. (As defined by the Ohio Rapid Assessment

Method used by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency [OEPA], a Category 3 Wetland is of the highest quality and is relatively scarce.)

- (b) A thirty (30) foot setback extending beyond the outermost boundary of a Category 2 Wetland. (As defined by the Ohio Rapid Assessment Method used by the OEPA, a Category 2 Wetland is of good quality, but does not support threatened or endangered species.)
- (c) No additional setback should be required adjacent to Category 1 Wetland. (As defined by the Ohio Rapid Assessment Method used by the OEPA, a Category 1 Wetland is of low quality and is typically dominated by cattails and often located in active agricultural fields.)

Note: (Wetlands should be delineated by a qualified professional per guidelines of the US Army Corps of Engineers and OEPA and the most recent Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for evaluation.)

2.610.6 Delineation of Stream Setback:

- (A) The applicant for subdivision, building and/or zoning permit approval is encouraged to show delineation of the stream setback area line, including any modifications or expansions required per this Section, applicable to the stream(s) on the parcel(s) involved on the plan for such at the time when submitted for approval. The SWCD will verify the delineation and evaluate what is proposed, as to adherence with recommendations of this Section. From this review, the SWCD may require further study or revision to provide for accurate delineation and depiction. The properly depicted delineation of the stream setback area line should be shown on the record plan of the parcel(s) approved by the Warren County Regional Planning Commission and on zoning site plans.
- (B) Prior to any earth-disturbing activity permitted on a lot where the stream setback is involved, the line of that setback area should be clearly delineated on the lot, by the permit applicant or lot owner, with construction fencing or other suitable material and maintained on the lot until the soil disturbing activities, including construction of any structures, are concluded. When construction has been completed on individual lots within a development, the fencing may be removed. In any case, the delineated area should be maintained in an undisturbed state unless otherwise permitted by this Section. The onsite review can not be done until this necessary delineation takes place.

2.610.7 Allowed Activities:

- (A) Except as otherwise provided by these guidelines, the stream setback area should be preserved in its natural state.
- (B) The following uses are allowed by right within the stream setback without need of SWCD review. Open space uses that are passive in character are allowed in the stream setback area including, but not limited to, those listed in this subsection:
 - (1) **Recreational Activities:** Public or private recreational use facilities and activities, as permitted by federal, state, and local laws such as hiking, non-motorized bicycling, ATV paths, horseback riding, fishing, hunting,

picnicking, and similar uses and associated structures including boardwalks, pathways constructed of pervious materials, picnic tables, docks, decks, and wildlife viewing areas.

- (2) **Removal of Trees:** Individual trees may be removed if they are in danger of falling and causing damage to structures or blockage of the stream flow. Additionally, damaged or diseased trees may be removed to preserve the forest from pest infestation, disease infestation, or fire threat. Trees may also be removed as indicated in an approved Forest Stewardship Plan as required by the Ohio Forest Tax (3) Law program or the Current Agricultural Use Value (CAUV) program.
 - (3) **Revegetation and/or Reforestation:** The revegetation and/or reforestation of the stream setback area shall be allowed. Information pertaining to species of shrubs and vines recommended for stabilizing flood-prone areas along streams may be obtained from the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District.
 - (4) **County Engineer Access:** The Warren County Engineer maintains the right of access to all streams within Warren County for purposes outlined in the Ohio Revised Code Chapters 6131, 6133, 6135, and 6137.
- (C) The following activities allowed within the stream setback area are recommended for SWCD approval of design.
- (1) **Stream Bank Stabilization/Erosion Control Measures:** Best Management Practices (BMP) for stream bank stabilization or erosion control measures may be allowed if such practices are permitted uses by the local, state and federal government regulations and are ecologically compatible and emphasize the use of natural materials and native plant species where practical and available. Such stream bank stabilization/erosion control practices are subject to approval of a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SPPP) by the Warren County SWCD.
 - (2) **Stream Crossings:** Stream crossings are permitted in accordance with the following:
 - (a) In reviewing plans for stream crossings, the County may confer with the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District, the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Natural Areas, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, or other technical experts as necessary.
 - (b) Limited crossings of a stream setback area by vehicles, storm sewers, sewer/water lines, and public utility lines will be per approval of local, county, and state governing agencies and in conjunction with the regular subdivision review process.
 - (c) Road and driveway crossings are permitted in accordance with regulatory floodplain regulations, if applicable.
 - (3) Placement of stormwater retention or detention facilities within the stream setback area is determined acceptable with the following guidelines:

- (a) Stormwater quality treatment that is consistent with current state standards is incorporated into the basin.
 - (b) The stormwater quality treatment basin is located at least fifty (50) feet from the ordinary high water mark of the stream, and will not cause any net loss of one hundred (100) year flood storage.
- (4) Placement of drilled wells for water supply upon approval of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) by the Warren County Soil and Water Conservation District and permitting by the Warren County Combined Health District and/or Ohio EPA, as applicable.
 - (5) On site sewage treatment system as permitted by the Warren County Combined Health District or OEPA as applicable.
 - (6) Modification or relocation of the stream channel shall be permitted provided the applicant has received a 404 Permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and 401 Certification from the Ohio EPA.
 - (a) Driveways and pathways necessary to provide for on-site access and circulation.
 - (b) Required drainage outlets.
 - (c) State permitted management program foresting.
 - (d) Zoning exempt agricultural use facilities and activities.

2.610.8 Discouraged Activities: The following activities are not recommended within the stream setback area:

- (A) **Construction:** There should be no structures of any kind, except as otherwise recommended by these guidelines, on any lot created on or after the effective date January 20, 2012 of these regulations.
- (B) **Mining, Drilling, Dredging, Filling, or Dumping:** Non-State permitted surface mining, drilling other than for water, filling or dredging of soils, dumping of spoils or any other material, natural or man-made, should not be permitted, unless found acceptable by the SWCD in accordance with these regulations.
- (C) **Elimination of Natural Vegetation and Modification:** The natural vegetation within the stream setback area should not be eliminated, nor modified, other than as subsequently specified herein. Modification of the natural vegetation should be limited to conservation maintenance specified in accordance with the Warren County Subdivision Regulations or as necessary: to control noxious weeds (as cited in Ohio Revised Code Section 5579.04); to replace or remove plantings consistent with these regulations; for implementation of an approved Forest Stewardship Plan as required for participation in the Ohio Forest Tax Law program or Current Agricultural Use Value (CAUV) program; for such disturbance or displacement allowed by these regulations; and for passive enjoyment, access, and maintenance of landscaping or lawns; existing at the time of the effective date January 20, 2012 of these regulations. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as requiring a property owner to plant or do anything else regarding vegetation in the stream setback area on their property other than to allow for the natural succession of plants.

- (D) **Parking Lots:** Parking lots or other man-made impervious cover, unless otherwise found acceptable by the SWCD in accordance with these guidelines..
- (E) **New Surface and/or Subsurface Sewer Disposal Treatment Area:** The stream setback area should not be used for the disposal or treatment of sewage except as follows:
 - (1) An undeveloped parcel that received subdivision, site plan and/or zoning permit approval prior to the effective date January 20, 2012 of these guidelines on which such was evaluated acceptable.
 - (2) A parcel on which the Warren County Combined Health District (WCCHD) has determined there is no other alternative area available for the on-site wastewater treatment they require.
 - (3) A parcel served by an on-site wastewater treatment system existing prior to the effective date January 20, 2012 of these guidelines, provided the system was approved and permitted by the WCCHD and/or the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) or required by the same to be upgraded or to correct failure of the system.
 - (4) Construction of man-made wetlands for on-site wastewater treatment.

2.610.9 **Inspections:** Prior to zoning permit issuance, the Zoning Inspector shall determine if the stream side setback is a concern or applies to what is proposed. If so, the Zoning Inspector will then encourage the applicant to contact the SWCD to schedule an inspection. Inspections are conducted in accordance with the following:

- (A) The SWCD inspection shall be at least three (3) working days prior to beginning the construction, land development, or soil-disturbing activity permitted on the lot.
- (B) The SWCD, with authorization by the lot owner, may enter onto the affected lot as necessary to confirm compliance with these regulations.

ARTICLE 2 OVERLAY DISTRICTS

CHAPTER 6

SEC 2.611 INTERSTATE 71 & STATE ROUTE 123 JOINT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT (JEDD) OVERLAY

2.611.1 Purpose: It is the intent of this section to:

- (A) Promote development that is in accordance with the I-71/SR 123 Area Plan.
- (B) Encourage imaginative design and siting of development by permitting greater flexibility in zoning requirements than is generally permitted by other chapters of this code;
- (C) Provide for maximum efficiency and greater utilization of development sites;
- (D) Establish development standards which provide compatibility with surrounding residential or other uses within the JEDD; and
- (E) Create uniformity and transition between the underlying base zoning districts within the JEDD.

2.611.2 Applicability: The use regulations and development standards of this section shall apply to the adopted I-71/SR 123 JEDD boundary as identified in the official I-71/SR 123 JEDD Agreement and any subsequent modifications to the original boundary. These regulations and standards shall also apply in combination with the underlying base zoning district regulations and all other applicable standards of this Zoning Code. When the JEDD Overlay standards conflict with the underlying base zoning district regulations and other standards of this zoning code, the regulations and standards of the JEDD Overlay will apply.

2.611.3 Uses: All allowable land uses within the Industrial Manufacturing Zone (I1) or the Community Commercial Business Zone (B2) as indicated in the Warren County Rural Zoning Code are allowable throughout the I-71/SR 123 JEDD Overlay District, with the exception of the prohibited uses identified in this Section. Base zoning shall dictate the type of review process that is required for each use proposal. If the proposed use is prohibited under base zoning, but allowed through this overlay, then the review process for B2 or I1 as indicated in Section 2.205 (Table of Permitted Uses) shall apply as necessary.

- (A) Prohibited Uses: The uses listed below, regardless of whether the proposal will be a principal or accessory use, shall be prohibited within the Interstate 71 & State Route 123 JEDD Overlay District:

Multiple Family Dwelling Units
Cemeteries
Tattoo & Body Piercing Parlor
Sexually Oriented Businesses
Pawn Shop
Shooting Range, Outdoor
Commercial Amusement, Outdoor
Commercial Stable
Race Tracks
Golf Course
Golf Driving Range

Miniature Golf
 Automobile Fueling Station
 Automobile Oil Change, Lube, Light Service
 Automobile Sales
 Automobile Body Repair Shop
 Automobile General Repair
 Automobile and/or Truck Washing Facility
 Truck Stop
 Truck Terminals
 Moving Truck and Trailer Rental
 Junk & Wrecked Vehicle Salvage Yard Facility
 Motor Vehicle Impound Lots
 Salvage Motor Vehicle Auction or Pool Facility
 Self-Storage Facility
 Mover Storage Facility
 Container/POD Storage Facility
 Wind Energy Conversion System, Large Wind Farms
 Mineral Extraction and Surface Mining
 Concrete or Asphalt Batching Plant
 Petroleum or Related Products Refining or Distributor
 Class I, II, III, and IV Composting Facility
 Construction and Demolition Debris Disposal Facility
 Methane Recovery Facility associated with Soil Removal
 Sanitary Landfill
 Incinerator for the Burning of Solid Wastes
 Solid Waste Disposal Facility
 Recycling and Salvage Center
 Central Processing Facility for Solid Waste Transfer, Materials Resource Recovery
 and/or Recycling

- (B) **Conditional Uses:** The following uses are subject to conditional use review, regardless of whether the proposal will be a principal or accessory use:

Churches
 Paint Mixing & Spraying Facility
 Plastic & Rubber Products Manufacture
 Distribution Facilities/Center
 Shooting Range, Indoor

- (C) **Similar Uses:** The BZA may determine that a proposed use, not listed in Section 2.611.4 (A), 2.611.4 (B), or Table 2.205, is allowable as Permitted (P), Permitted with site plan review by the BOCC (S), Conditional Use (C), or Prohibited, in accordance with Section 1.204.1(F) and if all of the following findings are made:

- (1) characteristics of, and activities associated with, the proposed use are equivalent to those of one or more of the uses listed in the B-2 or I-1 zoning districts and will not involve a higher level of activity or intensity than the uses listed;
- (2) The proposed use is consistent with the purpose of the JEDD and the goals, objectives, and policies of the I-71 & 123 JEDD Plan;

- (3) The proposed use is in accordance with the vision and suggestions of the County Comprehensive Plan;
 - (4) The proposed use would result in a high yield of employees per acre; efficient use of land, public facilities, and infrastructure; and could be compatible with land uses in adjoining districts.
 - (5) The use will not create excessive additional requirements, at public cost, for public facilities and services and will not be detrimental to the economic welfare of the community;
 - (6) The use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property or improvements in the vicinity;
 - (7) The proposed use is necessary or desirable to provide a service or facility, which will contribute to the general wellbeing of the District and community.
 - (8) If the proposed use is determined to be similar to a listed use, the proposed use will be treated in the same manner as the listed use to establish if the use is Permitted (P), Permitted with site plan review by the BOCC (S), Conditional Use (C), or Prohibited, in accordance with Section 1.204.1(F) and to determine what standards and requirements apply.
- (D) **Non-Conforming Uses:** Within the Interstate 71 and State Route 123 JEDD Overlay, Section 1.308.2 (A), (B), (C) and (D) shall not apply to legal non-conforming use or a valid site plan that was approved prior to the effective date of this amendment. Non-conforming uses shall not expand beyond the lot of record that is occupied on the effective date of the regulation which made the use non-conforming and uses of an approved site plan shall not expand beyond the lot of record that received site plan approval.

2.611.4

Development Standards: The following standards apply to development within the Interstate 71 and State Route 123 JEDD Overlay. Select standards of the base-zoning district for side yard setback, lot size, building height limits, Floor Area Ratio, and Impervious Surface Ratio are waived, and the regulations shall be those indicated in this section.

- (A) **Minimum Lot Size:** Waived.
- (B) **Side Yard Setback:** Industrial development, including mixed-use developments with an industrial component, shall comply with a minimum side yard setback requirement of 20 feet; however, if adjacent to a residential use side yard setback must comply with Section 2.303.3.
- (C) **Maximum Building Height:** 60 feet.
- (D) **Maximum Impervious Surface Ratio:** 0.8
- (E) **Maximum Floor Area Ratio:** 0.35
- (F) **Relationship of Site to Adjacent Areas:** The design shall take into account the relationship of the site to the surrounding areas. The perimeter shall be so designed as to minimize undesirable impact on adjacent properties, and to minimize undesirable impact of adjacent land use and development on the subject site. The performance standards in Section 1.303.6 apply to the perimeter design.

- (G) **Streets:** All streets within the JEDD shall be constructed with curbs and gutters in accordance with the standards set forth by the Warren County Engineers Office.
 - (H) **Utilities:**
 - (1) All public and private utility service lines shall be installed underground.
 - (2) The size and location of proposed water and sewer lines shall conform to the I-71/SR 123
 - (3) Minimum easement width: 15 feet.
 - (4) Fire hydrants shall be located and constructed to Turtlecreek Township Standards and Specifications.
 - (I) **Grading:**
 - (1) The builder is encouraged to respect the existing ground and utilize natural drainage systems as much as possible.
 - (2) Parking areas: recommended maximum slope of 5%.
 - (3) Open landscaped areas: recommended minimum slope of 1%.
 - (J) **Outside Storage:**
 - (1) No storage of any articles, goods, or materials shall be permitted outside of any building without special approval from the Warren County Zoning Inspector and County Commissioners.
 - (2) If permitted, all outdoor storage shall be limited to the rear yard and must be screened from public view by earth mounds, plantings, or opaque fencing not less than 6 ft in height.
 - (K) **Construction:** Any exterior construction within 500 ft of residential properties may be limited between the hours of 9 PM to 7 AM. Any exterior construction within 500 ft of residential structures shall be prohibited between 9 PM to 7 AM.
 - (L) **Landscaping:** Additional landscaping and buffers may be required in excess of the minimum requirements listed in Article 3, Chapter 4 dependent upon the conditions of approval placed on new development proposals during site plan review to mitigate any negative impacts the new development may have on the JEDD and/or surrounding properties.
- 2.611.5 **Miscellaneous:** This Chapter is separate and independent of any design standards adopted and enforceable exclusively by the Lebanon-Turtlecreek Joint Economic Development District (Lebanon-Turtlecreek JEDD) or it's Board of Directors. No Approving Authority under the Zoning Code shall have authority to enforce or impose as conditions of approval contained within the Lebanon-Turtlecreek JEDD design standards, or any other requirements contained within agreements of the Lebanon-Turtlecreek JEDD.

JEDD AREA



Legend

- Study Area Boundary
- Political Boundary
- Parcels
- Interstate
- State
- County
- Local Roads

1 inch = 1,000 feet

0 250 500 1,000 Feet